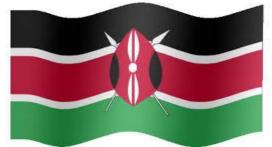
Monitoring the Quality of Rapid HIV Testing Services Using a National Register: Results from the Initial Implementation Phase in Kenya

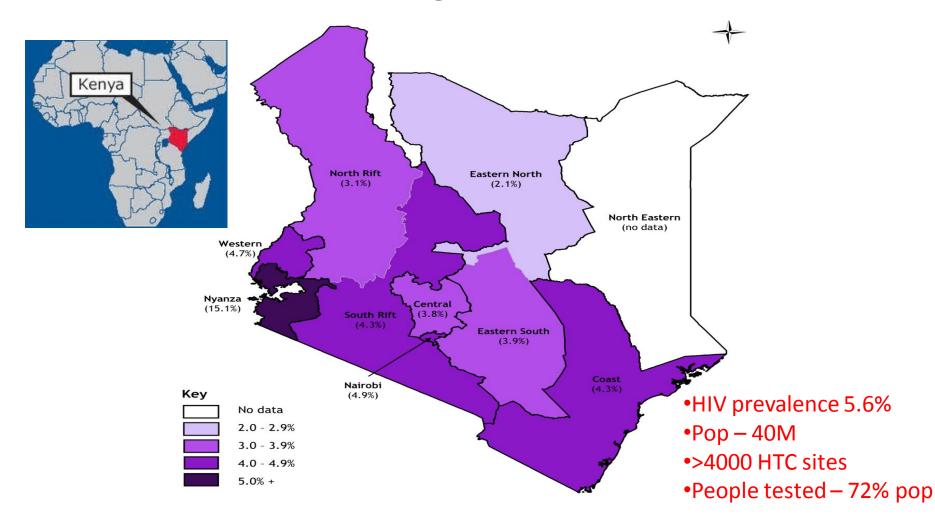
Junghae M¹, <u>Kitheka F</u>², Mwalili S ¹, Umuro M², Mwangi, J¹

^{1:} Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Kenya ² National Public Health Laboratory Services, Kenya



Background

HIV prevalence among persons aged 15-64 years by NASCOP region, KAIS 2012



Background Cont...

- O Universal access to HIV testing is a priority for Kenya.
- Several initiatives also advocate for increased awareness of HIV status e.g. eMTCT, 90:90:90
- Rapid HIV tests have been adopted in Kenya in order to meet the increasing demand for testing
- Expansive scale up of HIV testing services

Monitoring Quality of HIV Testing

Kenya has adopted a multi-step approach to monitor and improve quality



 Monitoring Quality of HIV Testing cont..
In 2010, Kenya introduced the use of a standardized logbook for recording HIV testing quality-related data

Used in non-PMTCT sites

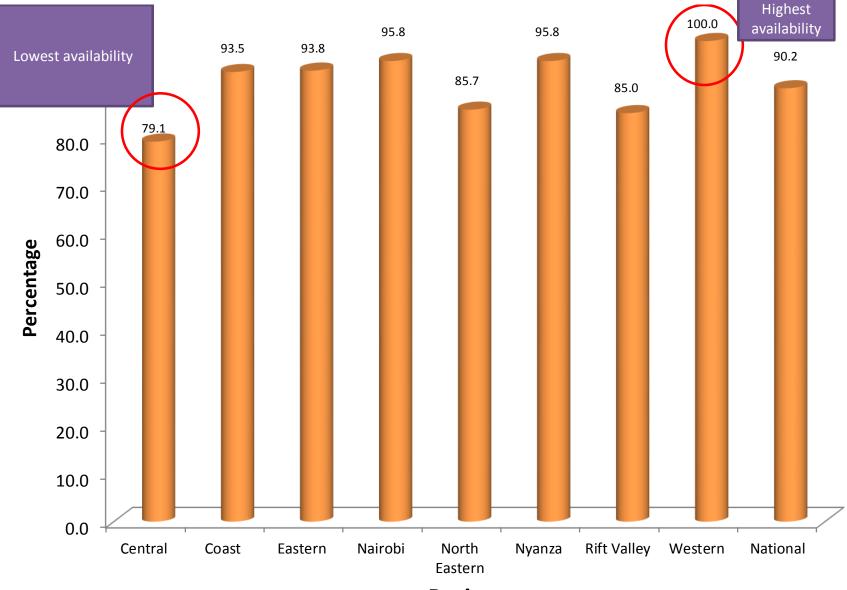
REPUBLIC OF KENYA MINISTRY OF HEALTH		
HIV TESTING AND COUNSELING (HTC) LAB REGISTER MOH362		
Specific Service Delivery Point (SD	P):	
Facility Name	:	
Master Facility List (MFL) Code	:	
District Name	:	
Province Name	:	
County Name	:	
Start Date:		End Date:
		Ver. MARCH 2011

- Captures HIV testing quality indicators which can be used to measure the performance of test kit and service providers
- Routine HTC register data analysis is required in order direct improvement efforts

Methodology

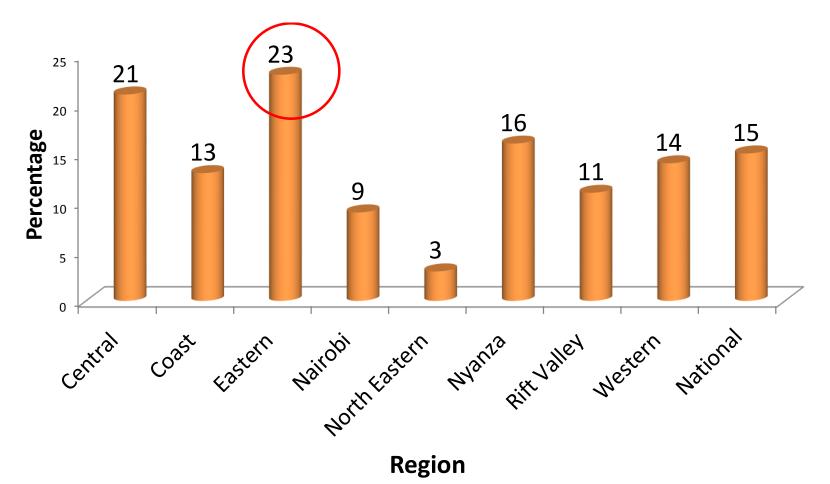
- Multi-site evaluation of use of HTC Laboratory Registers as Quality Assurance tool in 356 facilities across the country
- Standardized data collection tool used
- Focusing on key quality indicators related to rapid HIV testing
 - —Test kit information
 - —HIV testing algorithm
- Data collection conducted by trained data abstractors
- Data abstraction carried out in In August 2012

Results-Use of Logbook



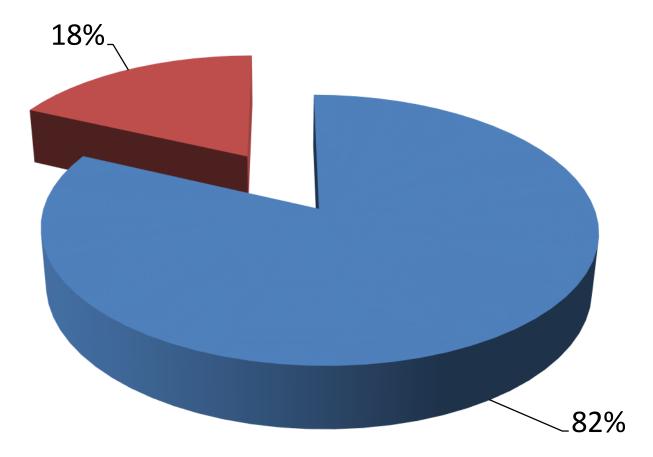
Region

Level of QA data incompleteness- Test kits details

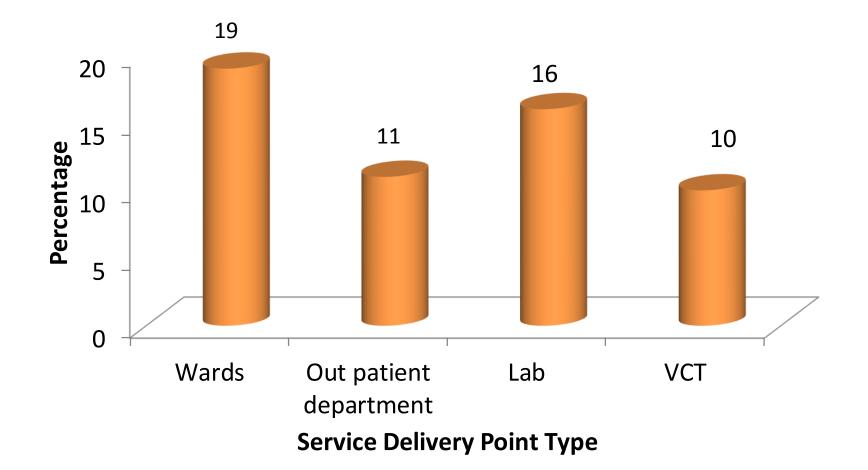


Adherence to Algorithm-all sites

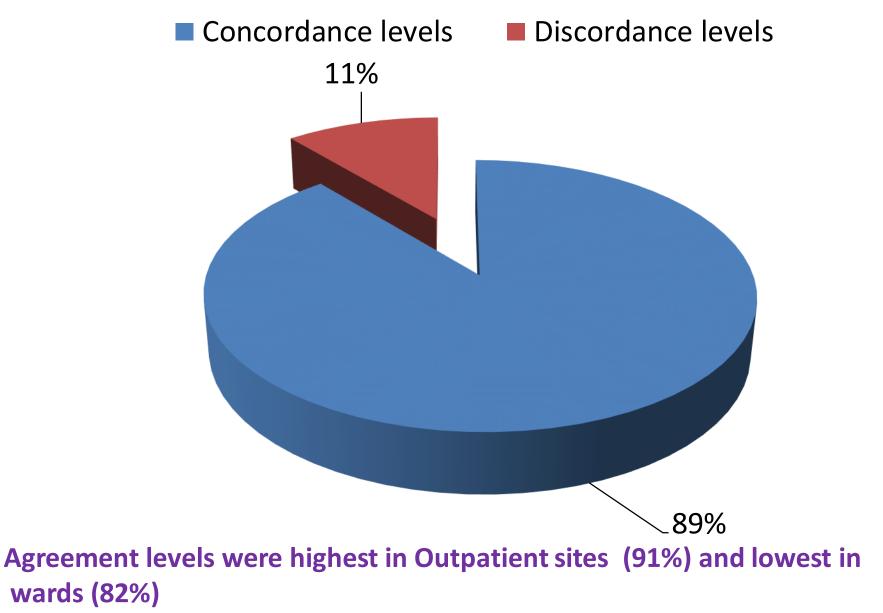
- Adherence to recommended algorithm
- Non-adherence to algorithm



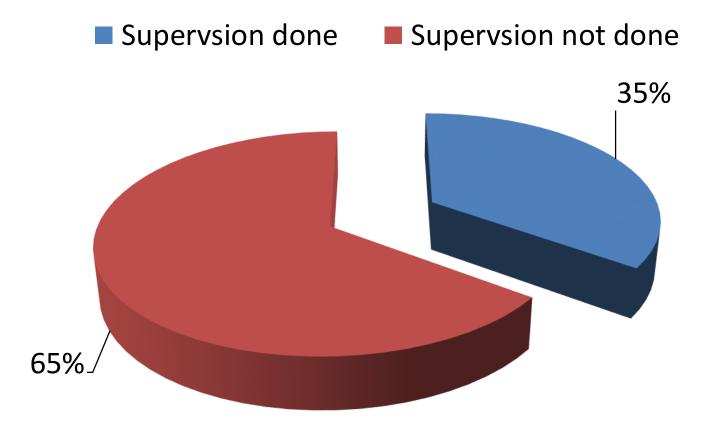
Non adherence to Algorithm-Specific sites



Test 1 and Test 2 Concordance Levels



Site Level Supervision



Most supervised SDP – outpatient Least supervised SDP – Lab

Conclusion

- The Logbook is an effective and powerful tool for Rapid HIV testing Quality monitoring and improvement if well implemented
- Objective analysis of Logbook data can be useful in directing targeted interventions to ensure provision of quality HIV testing services
- Training all HTC service providers on use of the register , including laboratorians, is necessary or effective utilization of the Logbook as QA tool

Asanteni Sana